

Lighting Solutions for Horticulture

The Light of Professional Knowledge



Hortiled began its activity in 2006 promoting research in the field of plant illumination in collaboration with scientists in the fields of semiconductor physics and plant physiology at Vilnius University and the Institute of Horticulture LRCAF. Industrial greenhouses were used to rigorously test our most promising research results. Based on the experience gained in more than 8 years of research work and successful industrial tests, we can now offer clients superior LED lighting systems designed for science and industry or the home, together with qualified service. The know-how we've gained also allows us, upon a client's request, to provide plant-specific LED lighting solutions.



- More than 8 years of R&D experience in LED lighting for plants
- Close work with scientists in the fields of physics and plant photophysiology
- Successful transfer of R&D experience to industry
- Applications for research and industry
- High-quality engineering and components

Hortiled / Sectors we serve





For Industry / Advantages





Created through years of advanced scientific research



Produce stronger and better-developed plant roots



Tested for efficiency at industrial greenhouses



Improve fertilizer utilization rates



Provide optimal lighting intensity using at least 2.5 times less energy than HPS lamps



Suitable for the majority of plants, with custom spectral solutions also available



WHY LED

Electric lamps have been used to grow plants for nearly 150 years. They've followed a development paths from incandescent lighting, open arc lighting and enclosed gaseous discharge lamps to the high-pressure sodium (HPS) lamps which are still the most common choice for supplemental lighting in greenhouses. These lamps emit light in the visible **(400-700 nm)** and the invisible **(700-850 nm)** ranges, but with peak emission in the yellow/orange light **(~589 nm**) region. The high amount of yellow light, along with a deficiency of blue light, causes stem elongation in plants and worsens transplant quality.

Solid-state lighting using light-emitting diodes (LEDs) represents a fundamentally different technology from the HPS-type lamps currently used in horticulture. It offers many advantages over traditional forms of lighting. These optoelectronic devices feature excellent energy efficiency, high photo-biological efficacy, long life, a cool emitting temperature, a relatively narrow emission spectrum, and a short switching time. And unlike most conventional light sources, they contain no mercury. One of the main benefits of LEDs is the ability to control the spectral output of a lighting system. LEDs are already available in the entire relevant spectral range from near infrared (IR) to near ultraviolet (UV). They can be customized for specific crops and optimized for maximum production to avoid wasting energy and non-productive wavelengths.



Influence of light spectra on plant physiological processes



Spectra	Photosynthetic photoreceptors	Morphogenetic photoreceptors	Effects on plants
Far red 700–740 nm		Phytochrome (350– 800 nm) P _{FR} max 730 nm	 Facilitates the morphogenetic processes necessary for phytochrome transformations Indicates shading conditions Regulates photoperiodic reactions in plants, induces stomata closure
Red 620–700 nm	Chlorophyl <i>a</i> (662; 430 nm) Chlorophyl <i>b</i> (642; 453 nm)	PR max 660 nm	 Provides the main energy for photosynthesis Contributes to morphogenetic processes Induces nitrate reduction Stimulates chloroplast formation and nutrient transport in plants Promotes the build-up of antioxidant protectants: ascorbate, tocopherols, phenolic compounds, etc.
Orange 585–620 nm			Promotes carotenoid accumulationCan play a part in flowering initiation processes
Yelow 550–585 nm			 Can inhibit growth in some species Efficiently utilized for photosynthesis in lower plant canopy even though quantum yield for photosynthesis is low
Green 490– 550 nm			 Utilized for photosynthesis in lower canopy, where it penetrates easier than other wavelengths, even though quantum yield for photosynthesis is low Together with blue light regulates stomatal conductance
Blue 425–490 nm	Carotenoids (450; 480 nm)	Cryptochrome (350–520 nm) (max 365, 445 nm) Phototropines and ZEITLUPE proteins (appx 450 nm)	 Efficiently utilized for photosynthesis Stimulates chloroplast formation and anthocyanin accumulation Promotes source-sink transport Regulates apical dominance and phototropic reaction Inhibits plant elongation and stimulates root formation – a proper amount is thus beneficial for vegetable transplant cultivation
Violet 400–425 nm			Less efficient for photosynthesis than red or blue light
UV 200–400 nm		UV-B photo sensor (280–380 nm)	 UV–A (~380–315 nm) induces synthesis of anthocyanins, flavonoids Stimulates tomato transplant growth and development

Absorption by photosynthetic pigments Absorption by cryptochrome Absorption by phytochrome Absorption by UV photosensors

The Light of Professional Knowledge

For Industry / Influence on plants of the properly selected light spectrum



- Increased build-up of photosynthetic pigments (chlorophylls, carotenoids)
- More intensive photosynthesis
- Higher total plant productivity
- Lower levels of harmful nitrates in vegetables
- Larger amounts of flavonoids, anthocyans, ascorbic acid, carotenoids, and tocopherols
- Improved external quality of green vegetables: colour, crunchiness, and curliness

Acceleration of development

• Improved quality of fruits

• Formation of a stronger root system

• Better absorption of mineral substances

For Industry / HLFC-series lamps specifications



Length/Width/Height Weight Input voltage Power consumption Operating temperature Operating humidity Photosynthetic photon flux density (lamp height) Illuminated area (lamp height)

HLFC06

385/285/85 mm 4.8 kg 110–240V, 50/60 Hz 176W 0 – + 50 °C < 90 % 60 – 120 μmol m⁻² s⁻¹ (**150 cm**)

1.50 m² (150 cm)

HLFC08

500/285/85 mm 6.1 kg 110–240V, 50/60 Hz 230W 0 – + 50 °C < 90 % 100 – 160 μmol m⁻² s⁻¹ (**150 cm**)

2.70 m² (150 cm)

HLFC10

610/285/85 mm 7.4 kg 110–240V, 50/60 Hz 288W 0 – + 50 °C < 90 % 125 – 210 μmol m⁻² s⁻¹ (**150 cm**)

3.20 m² (150 cm)





The Light of Professional Knowledge

For Industry / HLFC-series lamps specifications



APPLICATION

• LED-based plant lighting system for greenhouses

FUNCTIONALITY

- Universal light spectrum suitable for most plants
- Forced convection
- Overheating control
- On/Off indicator

ADVANTAGES

- Extreme energy efficiency
- Fast and convenient mounting
- Optimal lighting intensity
- 24-month warranty

OPTIONS

- Customized spectral composition
- Optimization of spectrum for specific plant species
- Lens dispersion angle (60°; 90°; 120°)



For Industry / HLAC-series lamps specifications



Length/Width Weight Operating temperature Operating humidity Photosynthetic photon flux density (lamp height) Iluminated area (lamp height)

200/50 mm 4.8 kg 0 - + 50 °C < 90 % 130 μmol m⁻² s⁻¹ (**50 cm**) 1.50 m² (**50 cm**)



For Industry / HLAC-series lamps specifications



APPLICATION

• LED-based plant lighting system for plant factories and phytotrons

FUNCTIONALITY

- Light spectra according to customer specifications
- Free-air convection
- Suitable for cultivation in racks

ADVANTAGES

- Extreme energy efficiency
- Fast and convenient mounting
- Optimal lighting intensity
- 24-month warranty

COMPOSITION OF THE SYSTEM

- 5 lamps
- 1 power source



For Science / Advantages



OUR ADVANTAGES COMPARED TO OTHER LAMPS FOR SCIENCE

- Suitable for diverse research spaces (growing chambers, phytotrons, laboratories, greenhouses)
- Unique software lets you program each spectral component separately and manage spectral composition throughout an experiment
- Ability to change the spectral composition and intensity of individual components with user-friendly software
- Capabilities for adding new spectral components during an operation

"We've been working in the field of photophysiology for more than 10 years. For a research project to succeed, it's not enough to have an excellent idea – you also need suitable, efficient lighting equipment that enables you to implement the idea."

Dr. Akvilė Viršilė Senior Researcher Lithuanian Research Centre for Agriculture and Forestry



For Science / Ergonomics



The most flexible and versatile lighting solution on the market, with excellent ergonomics

Stand-alone or ceiling-mounted design



Quick disassembly into 3 compact parts for transportation



Easy access to specimens from all sides





For Science / Ergonomics





The Light of Professional Knowledge

For Science / Software





Operation via user-friendly interface from mobile devices or PCs



Simple setup of lighting programs for periods of 1 hour to 180 days



Controlled intensity and blinking frequency

Status			Channels				
	Device		Name	Plus		Bink	
Time	2010-05-29 12:44:01	0	300 nm	0%	0 µmol	0142	
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For Science / Technical specifications



APPLICATION

• Flexible LED-based plant lighting system for research

FUNCTIONALITY

- Recipe storage in memory
- Export and import of recipes
- Control of blinking frequency
- Control of intensity
- Photoperiod simulation

CONTROL INTERFACE

• HTTP / mobile devices / PCs

ADVANTAGES

- Flexibility and versatility
- User-friendly control interface

OPTIONS

- Lenses: diffused or clear
- Electrical drive

SPECTRA (standard set)

- Far red: 735 nm; 740 nm
- Red: 627 nm; 638 nm; 660 nm
- Blue: 447 nm; 460 nm
- UV: 365 nm; 400 nm

HEIGHT/WIDTH/LENGHT

• 1300/500/800 cm

WEIGHT

• 24 kg

INPUT VOLTAGE

• 110-240V, 50/60 Hz

POWER CONSUMPTION

• 230W

TRANSPORTATION

• Easily disassembled into 3 compact parts





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